Collector Franklin Hopes to Selulu Customs Department and an Advance in Pay for Force, Which He Considers Highly Efficient.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.) Maleolm A. Franklin, collector the part of Handuls, will leave this morning on the Matsonia to attend a convention of port collectors that will be held in New York from September 14 to September 19, inclusive. The Secretary of the Treasury calls a convention in New York each year, at ch matters relating to the tariff and employes in the customs service sughout the country is discussed. It the conclusion of this convention Pranklin will go to Washington hold a conference with Secretary of the Transury McAdoo regarding several matters relative to the im-

Larger Force Badly Needed. "It is my intention," said Mr. Franklin yesterday, "to call upon Mr. McAdoo personally and set forth the acods of this port. The present conflict in Europe and the opening of the Panama Canal, with increased commoree in the Pacific, has made port an important one. With the added duties that have come up re-cently the present force employed at With the this customhouse is far from adequate and insufficient to render efficient sorhouse is far from adequate vice to the government and the public

Treasury will see the reasonableness of my request and grant it. In asking for a larger force and better salaries I am merely asking something that has been held back too long and the granting of this request, I feel, is nothing more or less than an act of justice to a body of men who have worked long and faithfully for the government without being paid on the same basis as employes in similar positions on the as employes in similar positions on the

Aften asked if he was going to urge the crection of a federal building here and which site be favored, Mr. Frankstated that, not being sufficient familiar with local conditions and in asmuch as the authorities in Washington had this matter under considera he would not either favor or op pose any of the sites under considera-tion. He said, however, that he would the erection of a federal building, adequate with the growing needs of this city and would leave the question of a site to those who are already in charge of this matter.

Brother to Return

Returning to the mainland today with Mr. Franklin is his brother, Capt. T. B. Franklin and wife, who have visited six weeks in the Paradiae of the Pacific-Captain Franklin has become an en-thusiastic booster in the short time that he has been here and promises to return here each summer, bringing other Mississippians with him.

Since his arrival here, Collector all walks of life. He, too, has become an enthusiastic booster for the Islands and is anxious to arrange his affairs ou the mainland so that he can return soon to his new home in the Mid-Pacific,

many friendships here, a number of which I know will be lasting ones. "I don't believe a finer body businessmen exists anywhere than they do here at the Crossroads of the Paci-fic. My relations with them have given

me much personal pionsure.

Of Interest To Uncle Sam. "In outlining my plans for the bet terment of this office I expect to show the authorities that the changes asked for will not only benefit the business community here but will also give the government a better and more efficient

service than it is at present getting with its present crippled force. While in Washington Mr. Franklin will call on his classmate and lifelong friend Watt Gregory, the newly ap-pointed attorney general of the United States. Mr. Franklin will return to Honolulu October 25.

TEETHING CHILDREN.

Teething children have more or less diarrhoen, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic. Choicra and Diarrhoen Remedy. All that a necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is sufe and sure. Even the most severe and dangerous cases are quickly cared by it. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltsl., agents for Hawait.

Mr. and Mrs. Manuel B. Pereira returned Tuesday by the steamer Ma-una Kea from a ten-days' stay on Mani. Mr. Percien took the strimp while well, he made the trip to New York on Maul among the Portuguese America American-Hawaiian steamers, truv-



Cargoes of Steamers Pennsylva nian and Georgian Worth Nearly Million More Than When They Left Here.

The American-Hawnitan Company's arrived at New York hat Monday, ac cording to advices received in Hono-Both vessels carried a total eargo of fifteen thousand tony of mu-

Probably never before in the history of the sugar industry in these islands has there been such a tremendous advence is such a short time in of its principal product, - :

"I shall ask also that the pay of the emplayes in the customs service have be placed on the same basis as it is on the mainland. I have found by my own experience that the cost of living here is higher than it is in the United States and there is no reason why the men employed here should not receive the same rate of wages that they do elsewhere.

Finds Efficient Staff.

"My force is a good and efficient one—a force that any collector in the United States would he proud of—and I think that the Socretary of the Treasury will see the reasonableness of my request and grant It. In asking Means a High Average.

England must go elsewhere for its

"The supply of the United States and Cuba are the most available and naturally England must come in and bid. This is what is keeping the price of sugar up at the present time. I denot remember any time in the past twenty-five years or more when sugar reached the high mark of 6.50 or more as it did last week. However, it for merly was not uncommon to have an gar average six dollars per hundred throughout the year. 12

Means Millions for Hawaii.

to his new home in the Mid-Recific,

"In all my experience I have never met a more hospitable and more lovable people than you people of Hawaii," yesterday. "At the beginning of the said Mr. Franklin, "I have made year our industry was threatened with your friendships here, a number of ruin. The price of sugar was away many friendships here, a number of ruin. The price of sugar was away down and threatened to go lower. face of this we looked forward to or of the worst year in our histor Here we are now winding up with the price away up and promising to go further. We wil get an recruge of six dellars per ton more for our sugar this year than we did in 1913, a grand total of \$3,050,000 that has literally poured into the laps of the people of

### E. D. Tenney and A. M. Nowell Start for Mainland

(From Wednesday Advertisor.) E. D. Tenney, first yiee president and general manager for Castle & Cooke, necompanied by his family, will leave on the steamer Matsonia for San Fran-

on the steamer Matsonia for San Francisco today. Business calls Mr. Tenney
to the Coast. He probably will visit
(Crockett during his absence.

Another prominent figure in the sugar industry who also will leave for
the Coast on the steamer Matsonia today will be A. M. Nowell, secretary
and manager of the Sugar Factors Company. Mr. Nowell will be absent about
ten weeks. He will proceed direct
from San Francisco to New York and
before returning will visit a number before returning will visit a number of places in the East.

This will be Mr. Nowell's first visit to the mainland for nearly two years, At that time, accompanies by Mrs. Noican voters in favor of the candidacy elling vis the 1sthmus of Tehuanteper, of Charles A. Rice for Delegate to making the return journey overland from New York to San Francisco.

## Compares Future of Beet and Cane Sugar Industry

OTTO BIELMAN WRITES INTERESTING ARTICLE ON "THE PARALLELS BETWEEN BEET AND CANE SUGAR MANUFACTURE

Writing in the Centrathlatt, Otto pendent on circumstances, for when the Richmann contributes an article on manufacturers are asked for this internation when the assessor is around "The Paralellel Between Boet and Cane gar from these Islands, the price of which increased to the amount of \$816,000 during the voyage from this port to the point of destination.

When the sugar was started from here the price quoted was 3.29 or \$65.80 per ton. When the augar arrived is New York Monday the price for which it sold was 6.01 or \$120.00 to the golden gate of triumph. To per ton. Both cargors had a value of \$087,000 when they were placed aboard the ships in Honolulo and other is sland ports. This had jumped to \$1,803,000 when the sugar reached its destination.

Prophesies Not Pulfilled. It is not long since we heard the news that Cuba would never be able to produce more than 11/2 million tons of sugar, that the Sandwhich Islands were not capable of sending forth more than 300,000 tons and that the United States would never be able to have a would never be able to have a beetsugar industry of its own. Today both
of the islands mentioned contribute
twice as much and the beet sugar production in the United States exceeds
that of cane production.

The border line for sugar cane in
the direction of both poles is 37 degrees north and 37 degrees south latitude, say Almeria, Spain and Bakersfield, California, north of the equator
and Vicina Argentina and South Vic-

It is apparent that there is, there-fore, a twilight zone in these two industries and that it is necessary place the problem on a very broad b place the problem on a very broad basis lest all the theories one deduces will be thrown on the scrap heap by the facts that are bound to come to light, Considering now that all things are equal in the two industries with their animeasured possibilities, the whole future of either industry depends practically and entirely on financial and political conditions, especially if irrigation is possible. In passing, the writer tion is possible. In passing, the writer just wants to call attention to the scheme of a French engineer who plans to put the Subara Desert under the influence of water. Even if this will It is now figured that the last of influence of water. Even if this will the present crop of sugar will have never be accomplished, yet the whole been disposed of by October 15 next. question seems to binge on an adequate The first of the 1915 crop it is figured water supply and one needs to be re-will begin to move about the last of minded that the whole sugar industry in Colorado, Utah and California where elecumstances have the fact industry figurishes the most, is possible just herause of irrigation, just as many orchards are kept alive in California and many sections of mountain laud in Hawaii are made

> In the consideration of the sugar attention when the Hawaiian Islands are considered of which there are eight, which have mountains towering to 4009 meters, but on an area of 17,000 square kilograms produce 510,000 tons of sugar. According to that Cuba could attain a production of from three to four million tons of sugar and with drainage and irrigation the five million ton mark might be reached. But at once there are limitations because there is a final word that is decisive in the matter for Goethe says: "All depends on gold and all crave for gold." Staring the facts into the fare, the decision of superiority of beet or cane industry is largely the question. cane industry is largely the question of a monetary judge. The evidence that has to be submitted must fall into four paragraphs,
> (1) Cost of production of raw mate either cane or beet.

(2) Cost of working up raw mate (3) Extraction of finished product from the raw material, (4) Selling price of the finished

Where Facts Conflict.

Unfortunately there is not much to say about the first and second division The cost of raw material in both in dustries alternates so much that some times the difference is one hundred per cent. Often the data furnished is de-

the declaration is so high that the rent Sugar Manufacture, ' in which facts of the land drops to zero. If, however, from the world-wide cane and beet fields are placed side by side with a courteous introduction and brotherly view of the powers that are looking on the books being 80. of believes, is timely in view of the fact that both industries new stand should that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that both industries new stand should be the fact that the fact tha that both industries now stand shoulder to shoulder as far as production is concerned and both earry in their bosoms great possibilities which, if elucidated, may be of mutual benefit to the worker of the underland trail to the golden gate of triumph. To begin with the writer says the whole sugar situation is brought into the limelight at the present time hecause of the reduction of the tariff on sugar in the United States, which has caused consternation in both beet and cane circles, the results of which will be felt only in later years on both continents.

We append a gist of the article:

Prophssics Not Fuifilled. same, yea it was even averred the whole situation would increase entire production, for as in many other cases so in the case of the sugar in dustry, the people are more often influenced by circumstances, than circum meed by erroumstances, than circustances are influenced by the peo Now the writer's experience lies in past years, is a thing of the past, yet he believes that the dire condition of things teaches men to pray amid all

Results Show Marked Contrasts duo tone had been disposed of at an average price of 2.20.

The price of 3.20.

The price of sugar yesterday was quoted at 5.70 ber belle size of contract of the sugar more of the quality of the case industry in the price of name of the quality of the case industry in the price of name of the sugar more of the sugar more yesterday and the flexible of the sugar more yesterday and the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday and the souther hoster of the sugar more yesterday as a supply well and the sugar more yesterday as a supply south for the yester there are being to the theory has the following price of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south following the price of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south following the price of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the case held does not good the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the case held does not good the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the case held does not good the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the case held does not good the price of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the sugar more yesterday as a supply south of the sugar yes yesterday as a supple with the price of the yesterday y The conditions alluded to pertain not Rico, total about 465,000 long ton only to the came industry, but the best Fiji, Reunion and Java will have 1,390 ico, Brazil and Chile, Argentine, Porto Rico, Cuba, Mexico and especially in the Hawaiian Islands. The forced Amounted to More Than prosperity of Louisiana—for in the use of artificial fertilizer the State is still behind—is doubled and tripled in these fortunate islands through the help of artificial means. It is not generally known that on those islands the tounage of sugar taken from a given area is equal to the tonnage of beets harvested on Trussian soil. This is not the average, but is often reached in Hawaii. A report sent to the writer substantiates this statement where circumstances have even improved in recent years. In these islands they have intensive agriculture and harvest cane for four years after planting. One aere is reported as having yielded 98.75 tons. One analysis reported was that the content of sugar was 18.2 per cent. behind is doubled and tripled in

> many can do. Interesting Averages But the averages from some of these plantations are also interesting. Here is one with an area of 3,528.27 acres that produced 248,258 tons, with a yield In the consideration of the sugar problems it certainly is striking that the expansion of the industry is not dependent on large areas. Note Cuba for example. In our map of the world we hardly find this little island, and yet it produces as much sigar as Germany, even though containing only one fifth of German area. Stiff a more pregnant example of this fact arrests out attention when the Hawaiian Islands are considered of which there are eight, which have mountains towering to 4003

tional and outdistances anything Ger-

fore, this advance ought not to cause fears but increase hope. The matter that concerns the Gorman industry is not in the increase of production, but in the matter of consumption. And we, too, shall not reach the dead conter of think it is hot. The last alcount hour think it is hot. The last alcount hour too, shall not reach the dead center of things, but in field and factory our efforts shall abound toward triumph, which is bound to accompany our of forts not only in raising the percentage of extraction, but decreasing the cost of manufacture.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded - Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis

All Indications Point That War Will Work Lesting Benefit to Sugar Producers.

The estimated total sugar production of the United States and its possessions, Porto Rice and the Philippines, is officially placed at 2,216,000 short tons, while that of Cubs is 2,856,000

This makes the supply available for the American market appropriately 5,100,000 tons. When war was detlared, England had a surplus stock of only 280,000 tons, barely a five weeks' sup has averaged about 180,000 shor

tons for the last six months. War will materially decrease the tal consumption all over the world well as decreasing production in those engaged What war does to sugar production may be judged from the effect of the Bal-kan war on the Aussian erop of 1912 when, because of the continuous mobi-lization of troops and the withdrawal

during the next twelve months.

West Indian and South American ex-

port crops, omitting Cubs and Porto Bico, total about 465,000 long tons.

35,000 Tons.

The greatest delay in grinding has been experienced in Kohala. It has been raining almost constantly in that tons. One analysis reported was that the content of sugar was 18.2 per cent, Prix 20.3 per cent, purity 89.6 per cent, glucose 0.06 per cent. This is exception of Hawaii. The result is wet weather has delayed harvest work in weather has delayed harvest work in the fields and much of the ripened cane

"I have absolutely nothing to with the McCarn case," said M. A \$576. Of course not all the extraction Thomas, special assistant to the attor ney general yesterday. "I am here to relieve Mr. McCarn for sixty days and to handle the work of the office during that time. The McCarn case will be handled entirely by Mr. Lindsny, who was especially detailed by the attorney general for that purpose."

Mr. Thomas is a young man of pleas ing personality and appears to be one who makes friends easily and keeps them. He spent most of yesterday looking over the list of cases to be

> think it is hot. The last pleasure hour I took to myself in San Francisco before leaving for Honolpla was to go over to Ewing Park and watch a gamof baseball. I was well clocked but even then I felt cold. The change from that to the nice warm weather here is certainly most agreeable, ??

Chemist Richter of Waialua plantaweeks ago in response to the call for German reservists, is back in the Ter-ritory. When he reached San Francises he was notified that there was no way whereby he could cross the Atlan tic to reach Germany.

He Will Carry Practically Every Precinct, Is the Report That Comes In.

(Prom Wednesday Advertirer.) 'The opposition on Mani now con-

ede that I will have at least two humdred majority on the island, while my friends there say that the majority vill run up to five hundred, so that I think we can put Mani down as on the rafe side." So says Charles A. Rice, the leading candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for Delegate to Congress, who returned from the Valley Isle yesterday morning, hacree but happy. He is confident of coming to Oahn with a combined majority from Kanai and Maul to much more than offset the majority Kuhio will probably get on Hawaii, although he states that the mach-talked-of solid support of Kuhio on the Big Island is very much of a myth.

"Kuhio doesn't think that he has

any cinch on the Hawaii vote, any how," says Mr. Bice.

To Carry Every Precinct.

In every Maui precinct except at Wailuku, there will be a Rice majority over every other candidate polled, and some precincts Rice will have a olurality. In Wailuku there is a strong McCandless following and it is possible that Link will be the high man there. Palmer Woods will have some votes, but not enough to beat

found that most of the voters had signed a Progressive club roll. After listed several days thereafter.

Meanwhile the Federal Trade

At yesterday's noon meeting of the Rice campaign committee, one of the Hawaiians present volunteered as a worker for Rice in the eleventh of the fifth, where, he said, the sentiment was very strongly for Kuhio, induced by the color line campaign. "All the voters there are being told every thay by the Kuhio workers to 'vote for the



# Assured by the Use of Soap and Ointment

These pure, sweet and gentle emollicats preserve the hands, prevent redness, roughness and chapping, and impart in a single night that velvety softness and whiteness so much desired by women. For those whose occupations tend to injure the hands or who suffer from dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms and shapeless mails, with painful finger-ends, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are wonderful.

Derects: London, 27. Charterbones Sq.; Faris, 10. Rus de l'i Chaquere d'Antili; Australia, R. Rowin & Co. Stainer, India, B. F. Faul, Calcular, China, Boart Corp. Driven, E. F. Marcya, Lid. Colles; Sr. Africa, Lennon, Ltd. Caps Towe, etc. U.S.A. Potter Drug Chem. Octp. Sois Prop., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston. or Post-free, 32-page Cutleura Book, an Auth my on the Care and Treatment of Ship and Patr.

Schedule of Regular Business Is Sidetracked to Make Way for Special Legislation - House Is "Slowing Down"-Radical Water Power Bill Is Passed.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, August 13,-Co is still trying to be industri There have been interruptions, while could not well have been avoided. Th occupied congress much of the time dur ing a week and during that time, course, nothing was done on the p gram which President Wilson has out for completion before adjournment. There was a delay of one day on ount of the death of Mrs. Wils indeed that sad occurrence see have diverted the scuate conmore than one day. It was right at point of a vote on the shipping bil five o'clock on the Thursday that died. Fifteen minutes more and vote would have been recorded, the Democratic leaders hastened to McCandless.

Mr. Rice relates an experience he had in the Nahiku section, where he found that most of the voters had sign-

dization of troops and the withdrawal of mon from the harvest fields, there was a decrease of 600,000 tons in the yields below the estimates.

Willett & Gray's latest issue states that by using their women and children the European nations may be able to harvest sufficient crops to supply their own needs. As long as the war continues these countries, excepting England, are effectually withdrawn from the world's market estimates both as producers and consumers. England will require two million short tons of sugar during the next twelve months.

ed a Progressive club roll. After listening of the supporters, these will as a supporters, these will as a supporters, these will as a supporters, these will be accounted to the progressive club roll. After listening to disce and his supporters, these will as a supporters, these will as a supporters, these will as a supporters, these will as the cannot list to withdraw their Progressive being the troops to supply their own needs. As long as the war continues these countries, excepting England, are effectually withdrawn from the world's market estimates both as producers and consumers. England will require two million short tons of sugar during the next twelve months.

At yesterday's noon meeting of the list of the remainder of this month disposing of the cannot support the supporters, these was a decrease of 600,000 tons in the voters sent a delegation to him to ask him to ask him how he would advise them to go about it to withdraw their Progressive head quarters at Honolulu, signed by all one law within a formight or every before that. Only two measures are objected the senate is in conference. Differences will be adjusted shortly and that net may be able to the Progressive head quarters at Honolulu, signed by all one law within a formight of every before that. Only two measures are before that. Only two measures are before that only the senate successive before that. Only two measures are before that their names be crased from the Progressive roll.

One is the Cluyton a tenaciously the measures are to be sisted. September 15 is now genera

set as the prospective date of adje House Slackening Pace The house is materially slowing dow

The house is materially clowing down it has advanced with the conservation program. The general dam act, knows the water power bill by thatem Adamson of the interstate comme committee, is through the house. Figressive Democrats and Republic points forces and put through a bill together radical. The government permitted to charge for water not tranchises are limited to fifty ye terminate automatically. The vationists generally approve of but it will be resisted in the The House has also been spendin upon the Moon railway pay 171, portant feature of which is the of assistant postmasters from the general to appoint them with restrictions. That feature of There is considerable doubt whe the senate will accept it in this for The Moon bill, however, is con hensive and contains much good n hensive and contains much good material. There is a controversy as to how much should properly be paid the railroads for mail transportation service. The Democratic house and the postmater general disregarded the work of a railway postal commission, which has been in session at intervals for several years, and blocked out rates and provisions of its own. Nevertheless, there is pressing need of legislation in numerous matters affecting the administration of postal affairs and across these are covered into the pending bill. One paragraph of much interest to mostal savings bank depositors and like wise to the banks provides that a depositor shall receive no interest on such part of the balance to his credit as in in excess of \$1000. The private best and National banks have been opposing any excess of a comparing any legislation that would further liberalise the postal saving lanks on the ground that it would be an union correctional. apon their own husings. Another the many provisions in the Mom to declares that postmasters shall not r ceive any additional compensation for the transaction of postal savings deco-itory business. Still another provision makes more specific punishment for tampering with any kind of letter

Members of the house are always gratified when time can be given to the passage of private bills. Days have now been set aside for that under a unantinous consent arrangement. Probably 75 or 190 private bills will get through the house this week under this agreement. A large grist of three have accumulated. They affect a great pain ber of localities and their passage through the house will possibly arouse the country to the fact that congress in session and doing work, more than all the hig undertakings like anti-trus bills. From these measures the house goes to more conservation hills, like that for the leasing of coal lands in Alaska. One important conservation hill, which extends from ten to twenfy years the time in which settlers may pay for lands reclaimed by the government is now before the President. It is of moment to a goodly number of western people. Bills to give reise to oil drillers in California, where the in dustry has been suspended by litigation nstituted by the department of just ulso well on the way toward enact-

Important Private Bills.

However, in about ten days it is very much of a question whether the house will have a great deal to do, beyond waiting for anti-trust bills from the senate. The house will also wait for the Rivers and Harbora Appropriation Bill, because many members are interested therein. It is said the senate may (Continued on Page Eight)